

### talati & talati Up Chartered Accountants

### Independent Statutory Auditors' Report for the Year Ended 31st March 2024

To,
The Members
Ashapura Warehousing Private Limited,
Ahmedabad.

### Report on the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

### Opinion

We have audited the standalone financial statements of Ashapura Warehousing Private Limited ("the Company"), which comprise the balance sheet as at 31st March 2024, and the statement of Profit and Loss, and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as "the Standalone financial statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid standalone financial statements give the information required by the Act in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2024, and profit, and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

### Responsibility of Management for Standalone Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Act. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statement that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Talati & Talati LLP, a Limited Liability Partnership bearing LLP identification NO, AAO

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so. Those Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. Refer to our report in "Annexure A"

### Other matter

Corresponding figures for the year ended 31st March 2023 have been audited by another auditor who expressed an unmodified opinion dated 09th September 2023 on the standalone financial statements of the Company for the year ended 31st March, 2023. Our opinion on the standalone financial statements is not modified in respect of this matter.

### Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013, we give in the "Annexure B" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
- 2. (A) As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
  - (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
  - (b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books except for the matters stated in the paragraph 2B(f) below, on reporting under Rule 11(g) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014.
  - (c) The Standalone Balance Sheet, the standalone Statement of Profit and Loss, and the standalone Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
  - (d) In our opinion, the aforesaid standalone financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act.
  - (e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on 31st March, 2024 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31st March, 2024 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.

- (f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure C".
- (g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of section 197(16) of the Act, as amended In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the remuneration paid by the Company to its directors during the year is in accordance with the provisions of section 197 of the Act.
- (B) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
  - (a) The standalone financial statements disclose the impact of pending litigations on the financial position of the company– Refer Note 27 to the standalone financial statement;
- (b) The Company does not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses;
- (c) There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.
- (d) (i) The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other persons or entities, including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall:
  - directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") by or on behalf of the Company or
  - provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
  - (ii) The management has represented, that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds have been received by the Company from any persons or entities, including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall:
  - directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") by or on behalf of the Funding Party or
  - provide any guarantee, security or the like from or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;
     and
- (iii) Based on such audit procedures as considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under subclause (d) (i) and (d) (ii) contain any material mis-statement.
- (e) The Company has not declared or paid any Dividend during the year as prescribed under Section 123 of the Companies Act, 2013.

(f) The reporting under Rule 11(g) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 is applicable from 1 April 2023.

Based on our examination, which include test checks, we found that the Company utilizes accounting software equipped with the necessary features and specifications to comply with the requirements of Rule 11(g) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014. However, we observed that the Audit Trail (edit log) feature was activated only for a limited period, specifically from 9th March, 2024 to 31st March, 2024.For the earlier period (1st April, 2023 to 08th March, 2024) Audit trail (edit log) has not been enabled by the company as per the requirement on rule 11(g) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014

We did not come across any instance of the audit log feature being tempered with in respect of such accounting software for the period for which the feature is enabled.

For, TALATI & TALATI LLP

**Chartered Accountants** 

FRN.: 110758W /W100377.

Place of Signature: Ahmedabad

Date: 15/07/24

(Kushal Talati)

Mem No. 188150

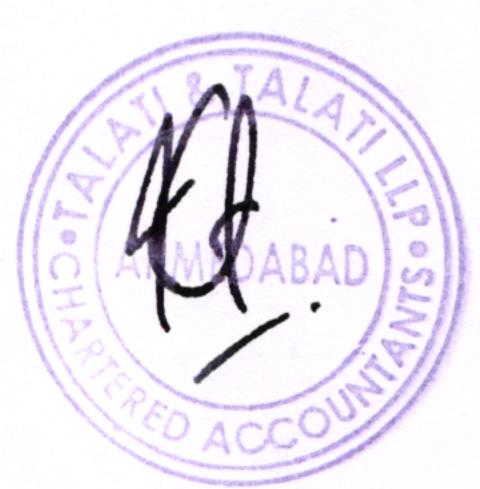
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### **ANNEXURE A**

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
  procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
  opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

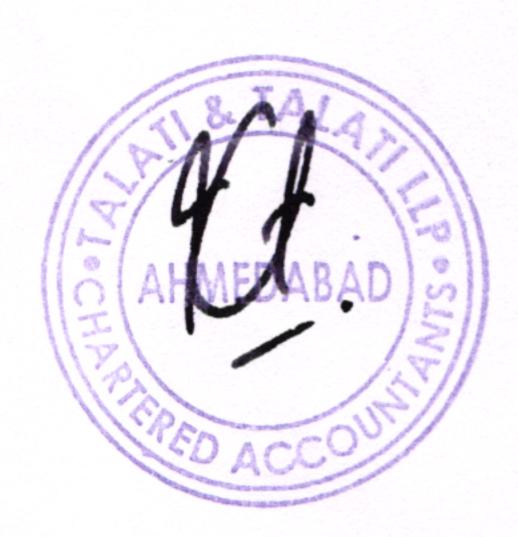
We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.



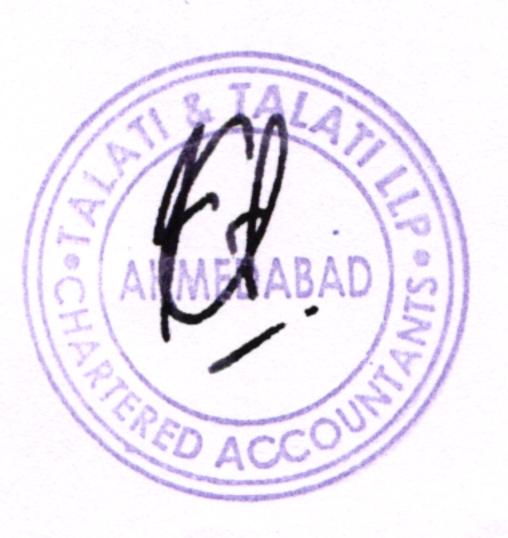
### ANNEXURE B TO INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Annexure referred to in Independent Auditor's Report to the members of the Company on the financial statement for the year ended 31st March 2024, we report that:

- i) In respect of its Property, Plant, Equipment's and Intangible Asset:
  - a. (A) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars including quantitative details and situation of Property, Plant and Equipment ("PPE").
    - (B) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars of Intangible Assets and Intangible Assets under Development.
  - b. According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has a regular program of physical verification of its property, plant and equipment by which all Property, plant and equipment are verified in a phased manner. In accordance with this program, certain Property, plant and equipment were verified during the year. In our opinion, this periodicity of physical verification is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its assets. No material discrepancies were noticed on such verification
  - c. According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the title deeds of immovable properties disclosed in the standalone financial statements are held in the name of the Company.
  - d. According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not revalued its property, plant and equipment or Intangible assets or both during the year.
  - e. According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, there are no proceedings initiated or pending against the Company for holding any benami property under the Prohibition of Benami Property Transactions Act, 1988 and rules made thereunder.
- The company is a service company, primarily rendering Transportation related services. Accordingly, it does not hold any physical inventories. Hence clause (ii) of paragraph 3 of order is not applicable to Company.
- According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not made any investments, security or granted any advances in the nature of loans, secured or unsecured, to companies, firms, limited liability partnerships or any other parties during the year. The Company has not granted any loans, secured or unsecured, to firms, limited liability partnerships or any other parties during the year.



- a) Based on the audit procedures carried on by us and as per the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not granted any loans or provided advances in the nature of loans, or stood guarantee, or provided security to any other entity.
- b) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on the audit procedures conducted by us, we are of the opinion that the terms and conditions of the Loan provided are, prima facie, not prejudicial to the interest of the Company.
- c) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on the audit procedures conducted by us, The company has not provided any loans and advance, Hence reporting under clause 3(iii)(c), (d), (e) and (f) of the Order is not applicable.
- In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not advanced loans to directors / to a company in which the director is interested to which, the provisions of section 185 of the Companies Act, 2013 apply and hence not commented upon. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has made investments and given guarantees / provided security which is in compliance with the provisions of section 186 of the Companies Act, 2013.
- In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not accepted any deposit and hence the provisions of Section 73 to 76 or any other relevant provisions of the Act and the Companies (Acceptance of Deposits) Rules, 2014 with regard to the deposits accepted are not applicable to the Company. Therefore, the provisions of Clause (v) of paragraph 3 of the Order are not applicable to the Company. According to the information and explanations given to us, no order has been passed by Company Law Board or National Company Law Tribunal or Reserve Bank of India or any Court or any other Tribunal.
- vi) The central government has not prescribed the maintenance of cost records under section 148(1) of the Act, for any of the services rendered by the Company. Hence clause (vi) of paragraph 3 of order is not applicable.
- vii) In respect of statutory dues:
  - a. According to the records of the Company, the Company is generally regular in depositing with appropriate authorities undisputed statutory dues including Provident Fund, Employees' State Insurance, Income Tax, Service Tax, Goods & Services Tax, Cess and any other statutory dues applicable to it. On the basis of records produced before us for our verification and according to the information & explanation given to us, no amounts payable in respect of the aforesaid dues were outstanding as at 31st March, 2024 for a period of more than six months from the date of becoming payable.



b. According to the information and explanations given to us and based on the audit procedures conducted by us, we are of the opinion that there are no disputed Statutory dues as at 31st March, 2024, except mentioned below:

Particulars	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2024	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2023
Income tax		
matters	1.43	NIL
Goods and		
service tax	0.85	NIL

- ln our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, we confirm that we have not come across any transactions not recorded in the books of account which have been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961.
- ix) a. Based on our audit procedure and according to the information and explanation given to us, we are of the opinion that the Company has not defaulted in repayment of dues to a financial institutions, banks or debenture holders.
  - b. According to the information and explanations given to us, company is not declared willful defaulter by any Bank or Financial Institution.
  - c. Based on an overall examination of balance sheet of the company, in our opinion the company has not taken any term loan during the year and there are no unutilized term loans at the beginning of the year and hence, reporting under clause (ix)(c) of the order is not applicable.
  - d. According to the information and explanations given to us, company has not utilized fund raised on short term basis for long term purpose.
  - e. Based on our audit procedure and according to information and explanation given to us, we are of the opinion that the Company has not raised funds to meet the obligations of its Subsidiary.
  - f. According to the information and explanations given to us, company has not raised loan on pledge of securities held in subsidiaries.
- a. According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company had not raised any money by way of public issue during the year.
  - b. According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partly convertible debentures during the year. Accordingly, clause 3(x)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

- a. Based upon the audit procedures performed and information and explanations given by the management, we report that no material fraud by the Company or any fraud on the Company by it's officer or employees has been noticed or reported during the course of our audit.
  - b. Based upon the audit procedures performed, No report u/s 143(12) of the Companies Act is required to be filed by the auditor in form ADT-4 as prescribed under rule 13 of Companies Rule, 2014 with Central Government.
  - c. According to the information and explanations given to us, No whistle blower complaints has come to the knowledge of Auditor.
- In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the provisions of special statute applicable to chit funds and nidhi / mutual benefit funds / societies are not applicable to the company. Hence, clause (xii) of the Company's (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 is not applicable.
- In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the transactions entered by the Company with related parties are in compliance with the provisions of section 177 and 188 of The Companies Act, 2013 and details thereof are properly disclosed in the Standalone financial statements.
- xiv) a. Based on information and explanations provided to us and our audit procedures, in our opinion, the Company has an internal audit system commensurate with the size and nature of its business.
  - b. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, Company is not required for internal audit as required u/s 138 of Companies Act,2013 and Accordingly clause 3(xiv)(b) of the Order is not applicable.
- In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with its directors or persons connected to its directors and hence, provisions of Section 192 of the Companies Act, 2013 are not applicable to the Company.
- xvi) a. The Company is not required to be registered under Section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Accordingly, clause 3(xvi)(a), (b) and (c) of the Order is not applicable.
  - b. According to the information and explanations provided to us during the course of audit, the Group does not have any CIC. Accordingly, the requirements of clause 3(xvi)(d) are not applicable.
- In our opinion and according to the information and explanation given to us the company has not incurred cash losses in the financial year and in the immediately preceding financial year.

xviii) There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors during the year. Accordingly, clause 3(xviii) of the Order is not applicable.

- According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realisation of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements, our knowledge of the Board of Directors and management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report that the Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the Company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the Company as and when they fall due.
- The Company was not having net worth of rupees five hundred crore or more, or turnover of rupees one thousand crore or more or a net profit of rupees five crore or more during the immediately preceding financial year and hence, provisions of Section 135 of the Act are not applicable to the Company during the year. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(xx) of the Order is not applicable for the year.
- According to information and explanations given to us, and based on CARO report issued by and the information provided by the auditor of the companies included in the consolidated financial statements of the company we report that CARO is applicable only to the holding company/parent and to no other company included in consolidated financial statements. We have not reported any qualifications or adverse remarks in CARO report of holding Company/parent.

For, TALATI & TALATI LLP
Chartered Accountants
FRN: 110758W /W100377

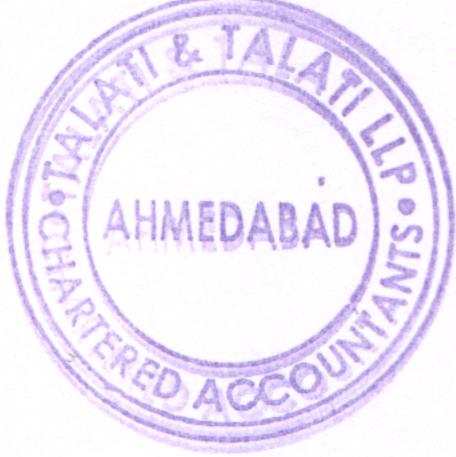
(Kushal Talati)

Mem No. 188150

UDIN: 2418815013KACXB 6811

Place of Signature: Ahmedabad

Date: 15/07/24



### **ANNEXURE C TO INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

Report on the internal financial controls with reference to the aforesaid standalone financial statements under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Act.

(Referred to in paragraph 2(A)(f) under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report of even date

### **Opinion**

We have audited the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of Ashapura Warehousing Private Limited ("the Company") as of 31 March 2024 in conjunction with our audit of the standalone financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date. In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements and such internal financial controls were operating effectively as at 31 March 2024, based on the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (the "Guidance Note").

### Management's and Board of Directors' Responsibilities for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's Management and the Board of Directors are responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

### **Auditors' Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note and the Standards on Auditing, prescribed under Section 143(10) of the Act, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements were established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the standalone financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements.

### Meaning of Internal Financial Controls with Reference to Financial Statements

A company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements include those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

### Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls with Reference to Financial Statements

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

For, TALATI & TALATI LLP

Chartered Accountants FRN: 110758W /W100377

(Kushal Talati)

Mem No. 188150

UDIN: 24188150BKA (X 8681)

Place of Signature: Ahmedabad

Date: 15107/24



### **Ashapura Warehousing Private Limited** (CIN: U63020GJ2014PTC079842) Balance Sheet as at 31st March, 2024

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(Rs. In La			
Particulars	Note no	2024	As at 31st March, 2023
I. EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
I. EQUIT AND LIABILITIES			
1. Shareholders' fund			
(a) Share capital	2	300.00	300.00
(b) Reserves and surplus	3	131.69	146.14
(c) Money received against share warrants			
2. Non-current liabilities			
(a) Long-term borrowings	4	705.90	496.10
(b) Deferred tax liabilities (Net)			130.1
(c) Other long-term liabilities	5	75.08	74.1
(d) Long-term provisions	6	2.16	-
3. Current liabilities			
(a) Short-term borrowings		3.31	
(b) Trade payables		3.31	_
(i) Total outstanding of micro enterprises and small enterprises			E 0.
(ii) Total outsanding dues for creditors other than micro			5.02
enterprises and small enterprises	7	40.06	125.21
(c) Other current liabilities	8	18.91	135.22
(d) Short-term provisions	9	19.78	13.10
(a) onore term provisions		19.78	1.70
Total		1,296.89	1,171.43
II. Assets			
1. Non-current assets			
(a) Property, plant and equipment and intangible assets			
(i) Tangible assets	10	722.60	CEO 03
(ii) Intangible assets		733.68	659.82
(iii) Capital work-in-progress		-	-
(iv) Intangible assets under development			
(b) Non current investments			
(c ) Deferred tax assets (net)	11	10.40	1.60
(d) Long-term loans and advances	11	10.48	1.63
(e) Other non-current assets	12	256.43	207.97
2. Current assets			
(a) Current investments			
(b) Inventories			
(c ) Trade receivables	13	161.53	85.40
(d) Cash and cash equivalents	14	45.16	59.55
(e ) Short-term loans and advances	15	0.61	17.92
(f) Other current assets	16	89.01	139.16
Total		1,296.89	1,171.43
I U (G)	1	1,290.89	1,1/1.43

Significant Accounting Policies Notes to the Financial Statements 2 to 30

The Notes referred to above form an integral part of financial statements

AHMEDABAD |\*

As per our report of even date attached.

For TALATI & TALATI LLP

Chartered Accountants (Firm Rean No: 120758V/W100377)

**CA KUSHAL TALATI** 

(Partner)

Membership No: 188150

Place: Ahmedabad Date:15-07-2024

UDIN: 24 188150BKACOX B681

For and on behalf of the ASHAPURA WAREHOUSING PRIVATE LIMITED

Sujith Kurup (Director) DIN: 013334

C.Saikumar (Director) DIN: 06873489

### **Ashapura Warehousing Private Limited**

(CIN: U63020GJ2014PTC079842)

Statement of Profit and Loss Accounts for the year ended 31st March, 2024

Particulars	Note no	For the year ended 31st March, 2024	(Rs. In Lakhs) For the year ended 31st March, 2023
Revenue from operations	17	074.76	
			670.30
		3.00	1.89
Total Revenue (I + II)		974.82	672.20
Expenses:			
Direct Expense	19	732.16	486.98
Employee Benefit Expense	20	89.97	43.35
Finance Cost	21	57.10	1.06
Depreciation and Amortisation	10	35.26	18.13
Other Expenses	22	83.62	110.73
Total expenses		998.12	660.26
		(23.30)	11.94
(III - IV)			
Exceptional items			
		(23.30)	11.94
Extraordinary items			
Profit before tax (VII - VIII)		(23.30)	11.94
	11	- (0.05)	4.52
(2) Deferred tax		(8.85)	(1.51)
Profit (loss) for the period from continuing operations (IX - X)		(14.45)	8.93
Profit (loss) for the period from discontinuing operations			
Tax expense of discontinuing operations			
Profit/(loss) for the period from discontinuing operations (after tax) (XII - XIII)		(14.45)	8.93
Profit/(loss) for the period (XI + XIV)		(14.45)	8.93
Farnings per equity share:			
	23	(0.48)	0.30
(2) Diluted			0.30
Significant Accounting Policies  Notes to the Financial Statements  The Notes referred to above form an integral part of finan	1 2 to 30 cial stateme	ents For and on behalf of WAREHOUSING PI	
As per our report of even date attached. For TALATI & TALATI LLP Chartered Accountants (Firm Regn. No: 110758W/W100377)	ehous, nedabad	Sujith K (Direct	· ·
	Revenue from operations Other income  Total Revenue (I + II)  Expenses: Direct Expense Employee Benefit Expense Finance Cost Depreciation and Amortisation Other Expenses  Total expenses  Profit before exceptional and extraordinary items and tax (III - IV) Exceptional items Profit before extraordinary items and tax (V - VI) Extraordinary items  Profit before tax (VII - VIII)  Tax expense: (1) Current tax (2) Deferred tax  Profit (loss) for the period from continuing operations (IX - X)  Profit (loss) for the period from discontinuing operations  Tax expense of discontinuing operations  Profit/(loss) for the period from discontinuing operations (after tax) (XII - XIII)  Profit/(loss) for the period from discontinuing operations (after tax) (XII - XIII)  Profit/(loss) for the period (XI + XIV)  Earnings per equity share: (1) Basic (2) Diluted  Significant Accounting Policies Notes to the Financial Statements The Notes referred to above form an integral part of finant  As per our report of even date attached. For TALATI & TALATI LLP Chartered Accountants	Revenue from operations Other income  Total Revenue (I + II)  Expenses: Direct Expense Employee Benefit Expense Finance Cost Depreciation and Amortisation Other Expenses  Profit before exceptional and extraordinary items and tax (III - IV) Exceptional items Profit before extraordinary items and tax (V - VI) Extraordinary items  Profit before extraordinary items and tax (V - VI) Extraordinary items  Profit (loss) for the period from continuing operations (IX - X)  Profit (loss) for the period from discontinuing operations Tax expense of discontinuing operations Profit/(loss) for the period from discontinuing operations (after tax) (XII - XIII)  Profit/(loss) for the period (XI + XIV)  Earnings per equity share: (1) Basic (2) Diluted  23  Significant Accounting Policies Notes to the Financial Statements 2 to 30  The Notes referred to above form an integral part of financial statements  As per our report of even date attached. For TALATI & TALATI LLP Chartered Accountants	Revenue from operations Other income 17 Other income 18 3.06  Total Revenue (I+II)  Expenses: Direct Expense Employee Benefit Expense Finance Cost Depreciation and Amortisation Other Expenses 20 89.97 Finance Cost Other Expenses 22 83.62  Total expenses Profit before exceptional and extraordinary items and tax (III-IV) Exceptional items Profit before extraordinary items and tax (V - VI) Extraordinary items Profit before extraordinary items and tax (V - VI) Extraordinary items Profit (Ioss) for the period from continuing operations (IX - X) Profit (Ioss) for the period from discontinuing operations Tax expenses Tax expense of discontinuing operations Tax expense of discontinuing

### **Ashapura Warehousing Private Limited** (CIN: U63020GJ2014PTC079842)

Statement of Cash Flow As at 31st March, 2024

No. with a site of the site of		(Rs. In Lakhs) As at 31st March,
Particulars	As at 31st March, 2024	2023
A. CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Profit Before Tax	(23.30)	11.94
Adjustments for:		
Depreciation	35.26	10 13
Interest Expense	57.10	18.13
Provision for gratuity	2.16	1.06
Operating Profit before Working Capital Changes	71.22	31.14
Movements in Working Capital :		
Decrease / (Increase) in Sundry Debtors	(76.12)	0.00
Decrease / (Increase) in Short Term Loans and Advances	(76.13)	9.08
Decrease / (Increase) in Other Current Assets	17.31	2.92
(Decrease) / Increase in Trade Payables	50.14	(112.45
(Decrease) / Increase in Trade Payables  (Decrease) / Increase in Short Term Provisions	(100.18)	52.01
	18.08	1.20
(Decrease) / Increase in Other Current Liabilities	5.82	0.24
Cash (used in) / generated from operations Direct Taxes Paid	(13.74)	(15.86
Net cash (used in) / generated from operating activities (A)	(13.74)	(4.52 <b>(20.39</b>
B. CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
(Purchase) of Fixed Assets	(110.52)	//1 57
Sale of Fixed Asset	· '	(41.57
(Increase) / Decrease in Other Non-Current Assets	1.40	- /F4.00
Net cash (used in) / generated from investing activities (B)	(48.46) (157.59)	(54.00 <b>(95.57</b>
		(
C. CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
(Repayment) / Proceeds From Long Term Borrowings	209.80	159.96
(Repayment) / Proceeds From Short Term Borrowings	3.31	-
(Repayment) / Proceeds From Other Long Term Liabilities	0.93	1.90
Interest Expense	(57.10)	(1.06
Net cash (used in) / generated from financing activities (C)	156.93	160.80
D.NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (A+B+C)	(14.39)	44.84
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	59.55	14.71
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	45.16	59.55
Components of cash and cash equivalents		
Cash and cheques on hand	0.08	0.07
With Scheduled Banks	0.00	0.07
- in Current Account	45.08	59.48
ignificant Accounting Policies	1	
lotes to the Financial Statements	2 to 30	
he Notes referred to above form an integral part of financial stateme	/ /	
ne reoles referred to above form an integral part of imalicial stateme	( /	the ACHADUDA
	For and on behalf of WAREHOUSING PR	
s per our report of even date attached.	WAREHOUSING PR	IVATE LIMITED
or TALATI & TALATI LLP	aujill	
hartered Accountants	95.	
Firm Regr. No: 210752W/W100377)	Suiith K	
1117-11 100	Sujith Ku	<b>a</b>
4. Anmedaba	DIN 013	///
A KUSHAL TALATI	DIN: 013	3340
		. //
Partner) Nembership No: 188150 AHMEDABAD *		KIMW
lace: Ahmedabad	C.Saikur	
ate:15-07-2024 DIN:24188150BKACX Q 6811	(Directo	•
	DIN: 0687	2400

### **ANNEXURE - IV**

### SUMMARY STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES & NOTES TO SUMMARY STATEMENTS

### **Company overview**

"Ashapura Warehousing Private Limited" under the provision of Companies Act, 2013 pursuant to certificate of incorporation dated June 19, 2014 with the Registrar of Companies, Ahmedabad. The Corporate Identification Number of our Company is U63020GJ2014PTC079842.

The Company is engaged in the Storage and Warehousing Services.

### Note 1: Statement on Significant Accounting Policies

### 1. Basis of Preparation:

### Basis of accounting and preparation of financial statements:

These financial statements are prepared in accordance with Indian Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) under the historical cost convention on the accrual basis. GAAP comprises mandatory accounting standards as prescribed under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act') read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014, the provisions of the Act. The accounting policies adopted in the preparation of financial statements have been consistently applied. All assets and liabilities have been classified as current or non-current as per the company's normal operating cycle and other criteria set out in the Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013. Based on the nature of operations and time difference between the provision of services and realization of cash and cash equivalents, the company has ascertained its operating cycle as 12 months for the purpose of current and noncurrent classification of assets and liabilities.

### 2. Use of Estimates:

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with Indian GAAP requires the management to make estimates and assumptions considered in the reported amounts of assets and liabilities (including contingent liabilities) and the reported income and expenses during the year. The management believes that the estimates used in preparation of the financial statements are prudent and reasonable. Future results could differ due to these estimates and the differences between the actual results and the estimates are recognized in the periods in which the results are known / materialize.

### 3. Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents in the balance sheet comprise of cash at bank and in hand and short-term investments with an original maturity of twelve months or less. Earmarked balances with bank, margin money or security against borrowings, guarantees and other commitments, if any shall be treated separately from cash and cash equivalent.

### 4. Cash flow statement

Cash flows are reported using the indirect method, whereby profit / (loss) before extraordinary items and tax is adjusted for the effects of transactions of non-cash nature and any deferrals or





accruals of past or future cash receipts or payments. The cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities of the Company are segregated based on the available information.

### 5. Segment Reporting

Based on the principles for determination of segments given in Accounting Standard 17 "Segment Reporting" issued by accounting standard notified by Companies (Accounting Standard) Rules, 2015, The Company has identified its business segment as "Warehousing Services,". There are no other primary reportable segments. The activities of the company are restricted to only one geographical segment i.e., India, hence the secondary segment disclosures are also not applicable.

### 6. Revenue Recognition

- Revenue is recognized from rendering of services in the accounting period in which the services are rendered.
- b. Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, taking into account contractually defined terms of payment and stated at net of taxes or duties collected on behalf of the government.
- c. Interest income is recognized on a time proportion basis taking into account the amount outstanding and the rate applicable.
- d. Dividend income is recognized at the time when right to receive dividend is established.

### 7. Property, Plant & Equipment

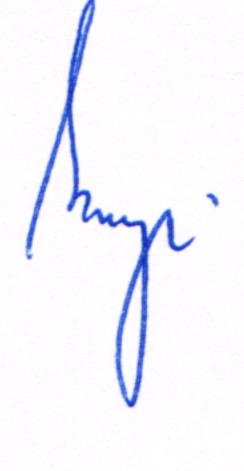
Property, Plant and Equipment including capital work in progress are stated at cost, less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. The cost comprises of purchase price, taxes, duties, freight and other incidental expenses directly attributable and related to acquisition and installation of the concerned assets and are further adjusted by the amount of input tax credit availed wherever applicable. Subsequent costs are included in asset's carrying amount or recognized as separate assets, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefit associated with the item will flow to the Company and the cost of item can be measured reliably.

Fixed assets acquired in full or part exchange for another asset are recorded at the fair market value or the net book value of the asset given up, adjusted for any balancing cash consideration. Fair market value is determined either for the assets acquired or asset given up, whichever is more clearly evident. Fixed assets acquired in exchange for securities of the Company are recorded at the fair market value of the assets or the fair market value of the securities issued, whichever is more clearly evident.

### 8. Depreciation & Amortization

### Tangible Asset

Depreciation on property, plant and equipment is provided using the written down value method based on the life and in the manner prescribed in Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013, and is generally recognized in the statement of profit and loss. Freehold land is not depreciated. In case where the cost of part of asset is significant to total cost of the asset and useful life of that part is different from the useful life of the remaining assets, the useful life of that significant part has been determined separately.







Asset	Life
Office Building	30 years
Furniture and Fixtures	10 years
Computer	3 years

The depreciation methods, useful lives and residual values are reviewed at each financial yearend and adjusted if appropriate. Based on technical evaluation and consequent advice, the management believes that its estimates of useful lives as given above best represent the period over which management expects to use these assets. Depreciation on additions / disposals is provided on a pro-rata basis i.e. from (up to) the date on which asset is ready for use / disposed of.

### ii. Intangible Asset

The amortization of an Intangible Assets is allocated on a systematic basis over the best estimate of its useful life of the Intangible asset.

Goodwill arising on business combinations is disclosed separately in the statement of assets and liabilities and is carried at cost less accumulated impairment losses. Gains and losses on the disposal of an entity include the carrying amount of goodwill relating to the entity sold.

Intangible assets (other than goodwill) that are acquired (including implementation of software system) are measured initially at cost. Cost of an item of intangible asset comprises its purchase price, including import duties and non-refundable purchase taxes, after deducting trade discounts and rebates, any directly attributable cost of bringing the item to its working condition for its intended use.

Advances paid towards acquisition of intangible assets outstanding at each reporting date, are shown under other non-current assets and cost of assets not ready for intended use before the period/ year end, are shown as intangible assets under development.

After initial recognition, an intangible asset is carried at its cost less accumulated amortization and any accumulated impairment loss.

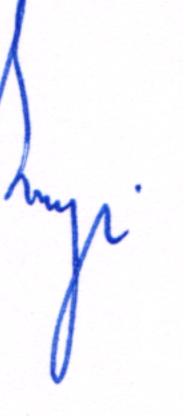
### 9. Impairment of Assets

The carrying values of assets / cash generating units are reviewed at each Balance Sheet date for impairment. If any indication of impairment exists, the recoverable amount of such assets is estimated and impairment is recognized if the carrying amount of these assets exceeds their recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the greater of the net selling price and their value in use. Value in use is arrived at by discounting the future cash flows to their present value based on an appropriate discount factor. When there is indication that an impairment loss recognized for an asset in earlier accounting periods no longer exists or may have decreased, such reversal of impairment loss is recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

### 10. Accounting for Taxes of Income

### i. Current Taxes

Tax expense comprises current and deferred tax. Current income tax is measured at the amount expected to be paid to the tax authorities in accordance with Income Tax Act, 1961. Deferred income tax reflects the impact of current year timing differences between taxable income that







originates in one period and are capable of reversal in one or more subsequent periods

### ii. Deferred Taxes

Deferred tax is recognized on timing differences, being the differences between the taxable income and the accounting income that originate in one period and are capable of reversal in one or more subsequent periods. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and the tax laws enacted or substantially enacted as at the reporting date. Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for all timing differences. Deferred tax assets in respect of unabsorbed depreciation and carry forward of losses are recognized only if there is virtual certainty that there will be sufficient future taxable income available to realize such assets. Deferred tax assets are recognized for timing differences of other items only to the extent that reasonable certainty exists that sufficient future taxable income will be available against which these can be realized. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset if such items relate to taxes on income levied by the same governing tax laws and the Company has a legally enforceable right for such set off. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each Balance Sheet date for their reliability.

### iii. Minimum Alternative Tax

Tax credit is recognized in respect of Minimum Alternate Tax (MAT) as per the provisions of Section 115JAA of the Income Tax Act, 1961 based on convincing evidence that the Company will pay normal income tax within the statutory time frame and is reviewed at each Balance Sheet date.

### 11. Employee Benefits

All short-term employee benefits are accounted on undiscounted basis during the accounting period based on services rendered by employees.

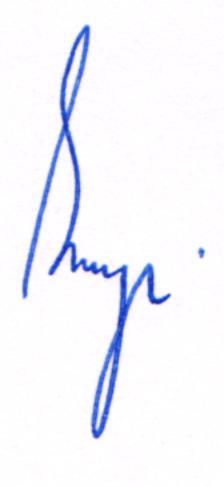
### i. Provident Fund

The Company's contribution as per Employee Provident Fund Law towards Provident Fund as provided for and payments thereof are made to the relevant authorities on actual basis and relevant employer's contribution are recognized as expenditure and are charged to the statement of profit & loss on accrual basis."

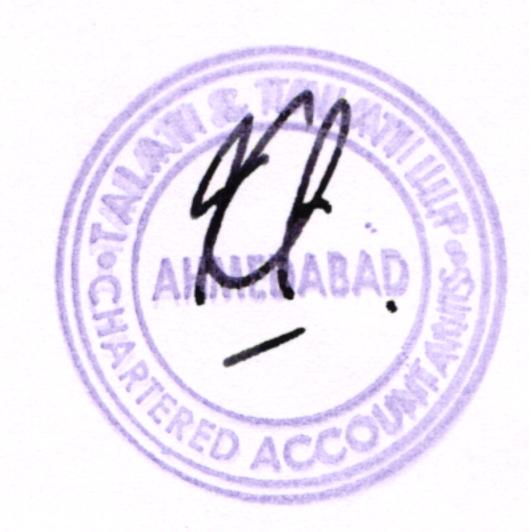
### ii. Gratuity

The Company provides for gratuity, a defined benefit retirement plan ('the Gratuity Plan') covering eligible employees. The Gratuity Plan provides a lump-sum payment to vested employees at retirement, death, incapacitation, or termination of employment, of an amount based on the respective employee's salary and the tenure of employment with the Company.

Liabilities with regard to the Gratuity Plan are determined by actuarial valuation, performed by an independent actuary, at each Balance Sheet date using the projected unit credit method. The Company has not contributed all ascertained liabilities to any fund. The Company recognizes the net obligation of the gratuity plan in the Balance Sheet as an asset or liability, respectively in accordance with Accounting Standard (AS) 15, 'Employee Benefits'.







The Company's overall expected long- term rate-of-return on assets has been determined based on consideration of available market information, current provisions of Indian law specifying the instruments in which investments can be made, and historical returns.

The discount rate is based on the Government securities yield.

### 12. Provisions and Contingent Liabilities

Provisions are recognized when an enterprise has a present obligation as a result of past event for which it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, in respect of which a reliable estimate can be made. Provisions are not discounted to its present value and are determined based on best estimate required to settle the obligation at the balance sheet date. These are reviewed at each balance sheet date and adjusted to reflect the best current estimates.

Contingent liabilities are disclosed when there is a possible obligation arising from past events, the existence of which will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the company or the present obligations that arises from past events, where it is either not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle or a reliable estimate of the amount cannot be made.

### 13. Investments

Long-term investments, are carried individually at cost less provision for diminution, other than temporary, in the value of such investments. Current investments are carried individually, at the lower of cost and fair value. Cost of investments include acquisition charges such as brokerage, fees and duties.

### 14. Earnings per share

The Company reports basic and diluted Earnings per Share (EPS) in accordance with Accounting Standard 20 'Earning per Share. Basic EPS is computed by dividing the net profit or loss attributable to the equity shareholders for the year by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year. Diluted EPS is computed by dividing the net profit or loss attributed to the equity shareholders for the year by weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year as adjusted for the effects of all potential equity share, except where the result is antidilutive.

### Note 2: Share capital

Particulars	As at	As at
raiticulais	31st March, 2024	31st March, 2023
Authorised share capital		
Equity shares of Rs. 10 each		
- Number of shares	30,00,000.00	30,00,000.00
- Amount (Rs. in Lakhs)	300.00	300.00
	300.00	300.00
Issued, subscribed and fully paid up		
Equity shares of Rs. 10 each		
- Number of shares	30,00,000.00	30,00,000.00
- Amount (Rs. in Lakhs)	300.00	300.00
	300.00	300.00

### (ii) Terms/rights attached to equity shares

The Company has one class of equity shares having a par value of Rs.10 per share. Each shareholder is eligible for one vote per share held. In the event of liquidation, the equity shareholders are eligible to receive the remaining assets of the Company, in proportion to their shareholding. The distribution of such remaining assets will be on the basis of number of Equity Shares held and the amount paid up on such shares.

### 2.1 Reconciliation of equity share capital

Particulars	As at	As at
raiticulais	31st March, 2024	31st March, 2023
Balance at the beginning of the period/year		
- Number of shares	30,00,000.00	30,00,000.00
- Amount (Rs. in Lakhs)	300.00	300.00
Add: Shares issued during the period/year		
- Number of shares	-	_
- Amount (Rs. in Lakhs)	-	_
Add: BonusShares issued during the period/year		
- Number of shares	-	_
- Amount (Rs. in Lakhs)	-	-
Balance at the end of the period/year		
- Number of shares	30,00,000.00	30,00,000.00
- Amount (Rs. in Lakhs)	300.00	300.00

### 2.2 Shareholders holding more than 5% of the shares of the Company

Particulars	As at	As at
raiticulais	31st March, 2024	31st March, 2023
Equity shares of Rs. 10 each		
Ashapura Logistics Limited		
- Number of shares	28,00,000.00	28,00,000.00
- Percentage holding (%)	0.93	0.93
C Saikumar		
- Number of shares	2,00,000.00	2,00,000.00
- Percentage holding (%)	0.07	0.07

### 2.3 Details of promoter shareholding

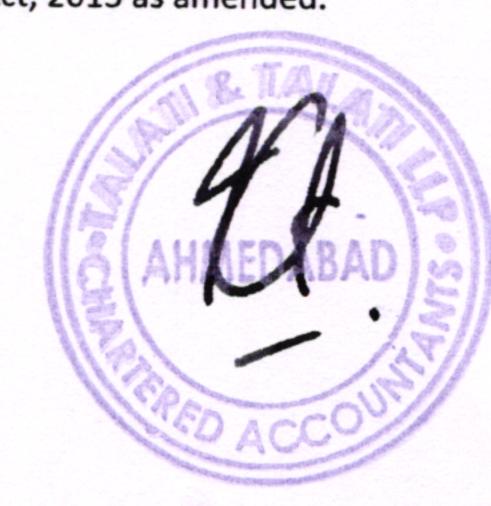
Particulars	As at	As at
raiticulais	31st March, 2024	31st March, 2023
Equity shares of Rs. 10 each		
Ashapura Logistics Limited		
- Number of shares	28,00,000.00	28,00,000.00
- Percentage holding (%)	0.93	0.93

### Note:

Promoter here means promoter as defined in the Companies Act, 2013 as amended.







		(Rs. In Lakhs)
Particulars	As at 31st March, 2024	As at 31st March, 2023
A. Surplus in the Summary Statement of Profit and Loss		
Balance at the beginning of the period/year	146.14	137.22
Add: Transferred from the Statement of Profit and Loss	(14.45)	8.93
Balance at the end of the period/year	131.69	146.14

### Note 4: Long-term borrowings

		(Rs. In Lakhs)
Particulars	As at 31st March, 2024	As at 31st March, 2023
Secured		
(a) Loans from Banks	28.29	5.78
Total	28.29	5.78
Unsecured		
(b) Loans from , Directors, Members, Related Parties, & Inter Corporate Deposit	680.92	490.32
Total	680.92	490.32
(c) Current Maturity of long term debt	(3.31)	•
Total	705.90	496.10

### Note 5: Other Long Term Liabilities

		(Rs. In Lakhs)
Particulars	As at 31st March, 2024	As at 31st March, 2023
Trade Deposits	75.08	74.15
Total	75.08	74.15

### **Note 6: Long term Provisions**

	(Rs. In Lakhs)
As at 31st March, 2024	As at 31st March, 2023
2.16	-
2.16	-
	31st March, 2024 2.16

### Note 7: Short - term borrowings

		(Rs. In Lakh
Particulars	As at	As at
	31st March, 2024	31st March, 2023
Loans repayable on demand		
Secured		
From Banks:-		
Current Maturity of long term debt	3.31	_
Total	3.31	-

### Note 8: Other Current Liabilities

		(Rs. In Lakhs)
Particulars	As at 31st March, 2024	As at 31st March, 2023
Other Current Liabilities		
Advance from customers	8.26	_
Salary & Wages Payables	5.01	0.03
Statutory dues	5.64	13.06
Total	18.91	13.10

### **Note 9: Short term Provisions**

		(Rs. In Lakh
Particulars	As at 31st March, 2024	As at 31st March, 2023
Provision for expense	18.78	
Provision for Audit fees	1.00	1.7
Provision for Gratuity	0.00	
Total	19.78	1.7





The following table sets out the status of the Gratuity Scheme in respect of employees of the Company:

Particulars	As at	As at
	31st March, 2024	31st March, 2023
Defined Benefit Obligation	2.16	N.A
Funding Status	Unfunded	N.A
Fund Balance	N.A	N.A
Current Liability	0.28	N.A
Non Current Liability	1.88	N.A

The actuarial assumptions used in accounting for the gratuity plan were as follows:

Particulars	As at	As at	
га	Particulars	31st March, 2024	31st March, 2023
<b>Demographic Assumption</b>	<u>:</u>		
Mortality Rate		Indian Assured Lives Mortality 2012-14 (Urban)	N.A
Retirement Age		58 years	N.A
Attrition Rate		20.00% p.a. for all service groups.	N.A
Financial Assumption:			
Salary Escalation Rate		4.00% p.a.	N.A
Discount Rate		7.18% p.a. (Indicative G.Sec referenced on 28-03-2024)	N.A

### **Note 12: Other Non Current Assets**

(Rs. In Lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2024	As at 31st March, 2023
Security Deposit	256.43	207.97
Total	256.43	207.97

### Note 14: Cash and Bank Balances

(Rs. In Lakhs)

Double and	As at	As at	
Particulars	31st March, 2024	31st March, 2023	
Cash and cash equivalents			
Cash on hand	0.08	0.07	
Balances with Banks			
In Current Accounts	45.08	59.48	
Total	45.16	59.55	

### Note 15: Short-term Loans and advances

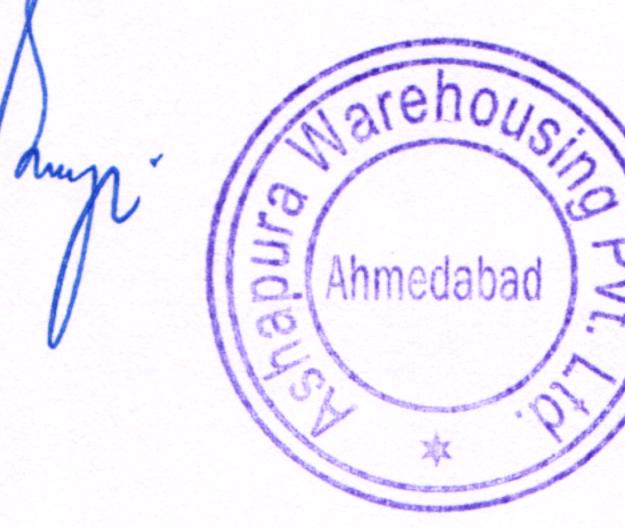
(Rs. In Lakhs)

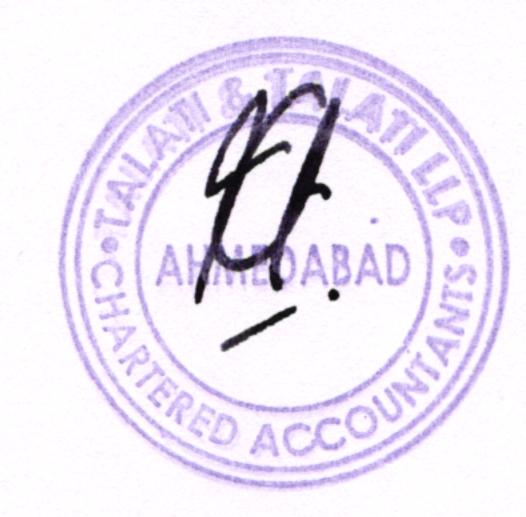
Particulars	As at 31st March, 2024	As at
	313t Walti, 2024	31st March, 2023
Advance to Suppliers	0.13	16.26
Advance to Staff	0.12	0.21
Other Advances	0.36	1.44
Total	0.61	17.92

### Note 16: Other Current Assets

(Rs. In Lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2024	As at 31st March, 2023
Prepaid Exp.	1.98	49.44
Advance Income tax (Net of provision)	85.64	73.64
Balance with Revenue Authorities	1.39	14.89
Total	89.01	139.16



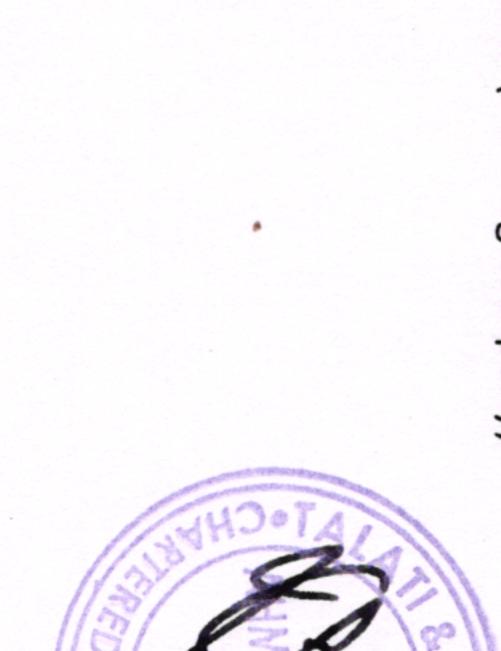


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Kotak Mahindra Bank	Axis Bank	Name of the Lender
Commercial Vehicle (Car) Loan	Commercial Vehicle (Forklift) Loan	Nature of loan
CF-22426123	CER000307279891	Loan/ Agreement A/c No./ Ref. No.
29.62	12.39	Sanctioned amount (Amount in Rs.)
28.29		Total outstanding as on 31st March.2024
8.85%	7.35%	Interest rate
84 monthly installment commencing from Nov '23.	24 monthly instalment commencing from April 22.	Repayment Schedule
The loan is secured against Hypothecation of motor vehicle.	The loan is secured against Hypothecation of trolley vehicle.	Terms of Security

### b) Unsecured loans

Loans from Directors, Members, Related Parties, & Inter Corporate borrowings are interest free. Interest rate of 9.5% is applicable on Loan from Ashapura Logistics Limited. (Holding company)



Note 7: Trade Payables

140.24	40.06	Total
135.22	40.06	enterprises and small enterprises
5.02		(i) Total outstanding of micro enterprises and small enterprises (ii) Total outstanding dues for creditors other than micro
2023	2024	Particulars
As at 31st March,	As at 31st March,	
(Rs. In Lakhs)		

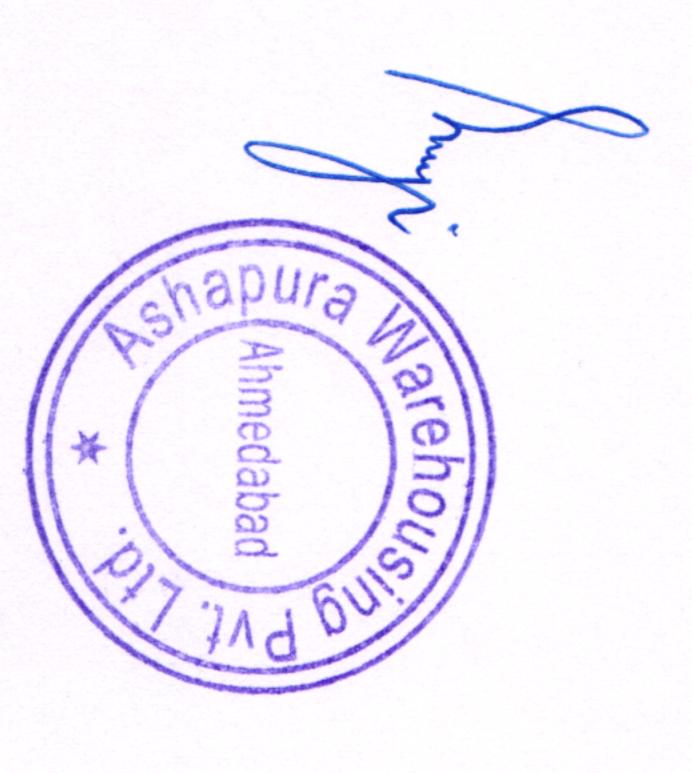
\*The information as required to be disclosed under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 has been determined to the extent such parties have been identified on the basis of information available with the Group.

# Note 7.1: Disclosures under Sec 22 of Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 to the extent information available with the Company:

Disclosures relating to amounts payable as at the year end together with Interest paid/payable if any, to Micro and Small Enterprise have accounts, as required under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 to the extent of information available with determined on the basis of intimation received from suppliers regarding their status and the required disclosures are given below. been made in the

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2024	As at 31st March, 2023
The principal amount and the interest due thereon remaining unpaid to any supplier as at the end of accounting year;		
The amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end	•	
The second state of the se		
along with the amount of the navment made to the cumuliar		
beyond the appointed day during the year		
The amount of interest due and payable for the period (where the		
principal has been paid but interest under the MSMED Act, 2006	•	•
not paid);		
The amount of further interest due and payable even in the		
succeeding year, until such date when the interest dues as		
above are actually paid to the small enterprise, for the	•	•
purpose of disallowance as a deductible expenditure under		
section 23.		





Note 7.2:Trade schedule

Particulars		Outstanding for following periods	llowing periods		
	Less than 1 year	1 - 2 years	2 - 3 years	More than 3 years	Total
(i) Micro and Small Enterprises	•		-		
(ii) Others	38 37	0 29	1 40	000	40.00
			!		10.00
(iii) Disputed Dues - Micro and Small Enterprises	•		•	•	
(iv) Disputed Dues - Others	•	•	-		-
				-	

Particulare		Outstanding for fo	nding for following periods		
	Less than 1 year	1 - 2 years	2 - 3 years	More than 3 years	Total
(i) Micro and Small Enterprises	4.18	0.84		•	5.02
(ii) Others	135.22	-		-	135.22
(iii) Disputed Dues - Micro and Small Enterprises			•	•	-
(iv) Disputed Dues - Others			•	•	•
Unbilled Dues			•	•	•
Particulars	Less than 1 year	1 - 2 years	2 - 3 years	More than 3 years	Total
(ii) Others	135 22	0.84		•	5.02
(iii) Disputed Dues - Micro and Small Enterprises		•	•	-	
(iv) Disputed Dues - Others	-		•	•	•
Unbilled Dues				•	•
		B. ASI		Sall arehous	<u>uis</u> /
	Sala Villa	ANT		ap Ahmedabad	11d 6

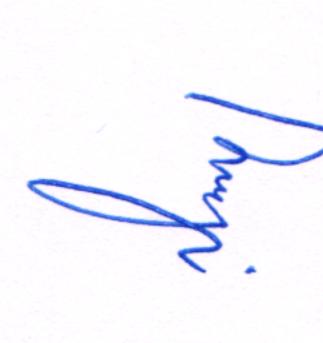
Trade Payable

Ageing As at 31 March, 2023

Outstanding for following periods

(Rs. In Lakhs)







Note No. 10 Property, Plant & Equipment

636.38	659.82	56.80	•	18.13	38.67	716.62		41.57	675.05	TOTAL
2.00	2.41	5.95	•	1.78	4.16	8.35	•	2.19	6.16	Computer
4.10	5.48	8.47	,	0.98	7.49	13.95	•	2.36	11.59	Fixtures
38.08	59.73	42.39		15.37	27.02	102.12		37.01	65.10	Plant & Machinery
592.20	592.20	•	•	•	•	592.20	•	•	592.20	Land
										Tangible Assets
As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2023	Accumulated upto 31st March, 2023	On Deletions during the	For the Year	Accumulated upto 31st March, 2022	As at March 31, 2023	Deletions/ Adjusments during the	Additions during the year	As at April 1, 2022	Description
ock	Net Block		Depreciation Block	Deprecia			Block	Gross		
(Rs. In Lakhs)										F.Y 22-23

	DTAL	Computer	Furniture and Fixtures	Plant & Machinery	Land	Tangible Assets	Description	
The state of the s	716.62	8.35	13.95	102.12	592.20		As at April 1, 2023	
Ahmedabad signal	110.52	9.29	5.96	61.35	33.93		Additions during the year	Gross Block
	1.40		0.63	0.77	•		Deletions/ Adjusments during the year	Block
ANHOOTALA)	825.75	17.65	19.27	162.70	626.13		As at March 31, 2024	
POR PORTS OF THE PROPERTY OF T	56.80	5.95	8.47	42.39	•		Accumulated upto 31st March, 2023	
	35.26	5.83	2.47	26.97	•		For the Year	Depreciation
	•	•			•		On Deletions during the year	tion Block
	92.07	11.77	10.94	69.36	•		Accumulated upto 31st March, 2024	
	733.68	5.87	8.33	93.34	626.13		As at March 31, 2024	Net BI

659.82

2.41

5.48

As at March

31, 2023

**Net Block** 

(Rs.

In Lakhs)

592.20

59.73



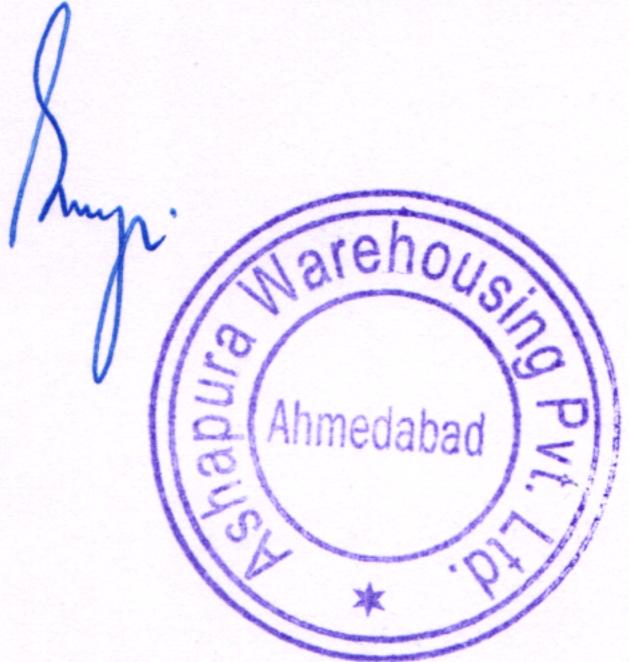
Note 17: Revenue from operations		(Rs. In Lakhs)
Particulars	For the year ended 31st March, 2024	For the year ended 31st March, 2023
Handling Income	147.59	78.75
Transportation Income	57.13	37.78
Warehouse Income	767.04	553.77
Total	971.76	670.30

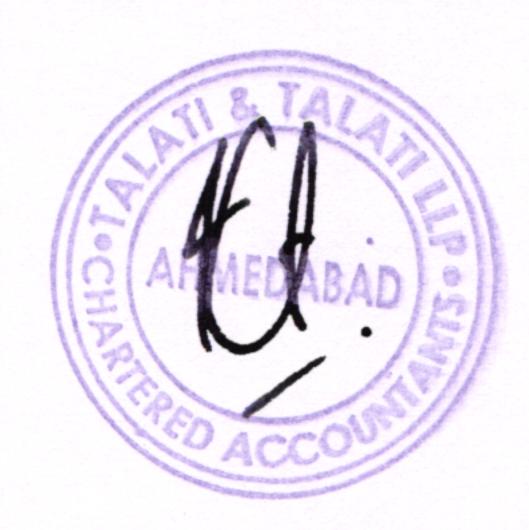
Note 18: Other Income		(Rs. In Lakhs)
Particulars	For the year ended 31st March, 2024	For the year ended 31st March, 2023
Other Non Operating Income		
Interest on Income Tax Refund	1.85	-
Profit on Sales of Fixed Assets	1.19	_
Miscellaneous Income	0.03	1.89
Total	3.06	1.89

Note 19: Direct Expense		(Rs. In Lakhs)
Particulars	For the year ended 31st March, 2024	For the year ended 31st March, 2023
Handling Expense	51.68	37.81
Transportation Expense	36.11	28.54
Warehousing Expense	644.38	420.64
Total	732.16	486.98

Note 20: Employee Benefit Expense		(Rs. In Lakhs)
Particulars	For the year ended 31st March, 2024	For the year ended 31st March, 2023
Salaries, wages and bonus	66.72	27.64
Contributions to Provident Fund and Other Fund	5.75	_
Gratuity	2.16	_
Labour Welfare Fund Contribution		
Salary to Staff		•
Ex Gratia Payment		
Other Employee Benefit	-	5.01
Staff welfare expenses	15.35	10.70
Total	89.97	43.35

Note 21: Finance Cost		(Rs. In Lakhs)
Particulars	For the year ended 31st March, 2024	For the year ended 31st March, 2023
Interest on Loan from Related Parties	55.81	-
Interest on loan-from others	1.27	
Bank Charges and Other Finance Cost	0.02	1.06
Total	57.10	1.06





Note 22: Other Expense	For the year ended	(Rs. In Lakhs) For the year ended
Particulars	31st March, 2024	31st March, 2023
REPAIR & MAINTENANCE EXPENSES		
Repairs & Maintenance (Others)	21.55	37.02
Repairs & Maintenance (Vehicle)	6.20	
Total	27.75	37.02
OTHER GENERAL EXPENSES		
Administration Exp.	_	21.09
Audit Fees	1.00	1.20
Business Development Expense	3.12	3.40
Bad - debt written off	1.64	
Conveyance & Petrol Expense	0.87	_
Commission Expenses	17.66	4.50
Gst Late Filing Fees And panalty	-	0.01
Electricity Charges	6.93	3.67
Internet Charges	1.57	-
Insurance Expense - Others	0.35	-
Legal & Professional fees	•	6.65
Miscellaneous Expenses	0.51	-
Office Expenses	8.24	22.45
Other Expenses	-	5.73
Other Penalty Expense	0.04	_
Printing & Stationery	3.47	0.99
Postage & Courier Charges	0.02	0.03
Professional & Consultancy Fees	3.24	-
Rent Expense	0.50	_
Registration Expense	3.06	-
Security Expense	2.31	-
Travelling Expense	0.48	2.61
Telephone Expenses	0.46	1.37
Profit/ Loss on Sale of Fixed Asset	0.39	-

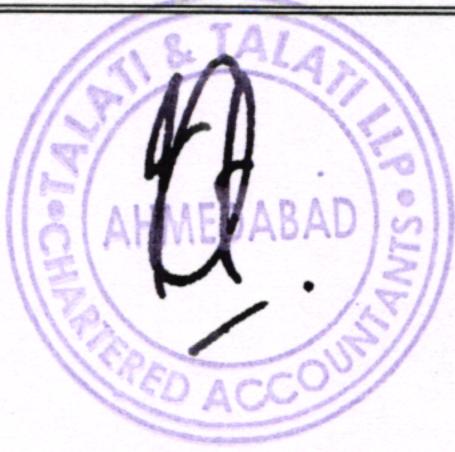
Aud	itor's	Remur	neration

Total

**Total** 

Particulars	For the year ended 31st March, 2024	For the year ended 31st March, 2023	
As Auditor	1.00	1.20	
Total	1.00	1.20	





73.71

110.73

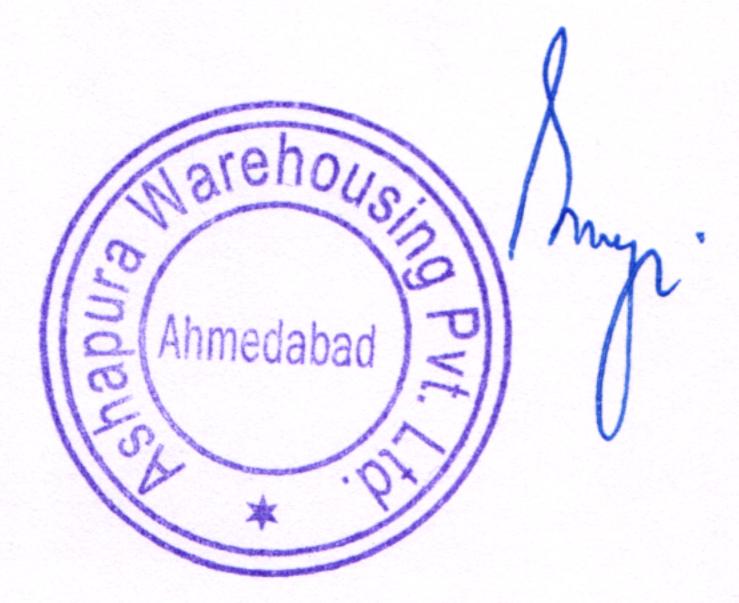
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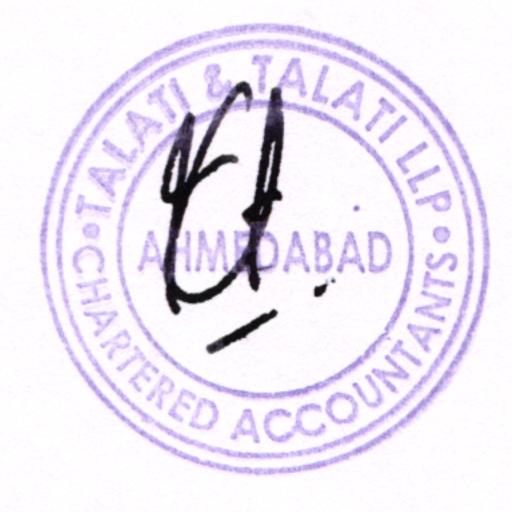
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Trote 11 . Deterred tax Liabilities (ivel)		(NS. III Lakiis)
Particulars	For the year ended 31st March, 2024	For the year ended 31st March, 2023
Deffered Tax Assets & Liabilities Provision		
Excess of depreciation as per Income Tax		
Act, 1961 over Books	(9.69)	(6.04)
Total Timing Difference	(9.69)	(6.04)
Deffered tax Liability on account of		
Depreciation	(2.44)	(1.51)
Deffered tax Asset on account of Gratuity		
Provision	(0.54)	-
Deffered tax Asset on account of Loss in P/L		
Account	(5.86)	-
Total Timing Difference	(8.85)	(1.51)
Less : Net deffered tax liability of earlier year	(1.63)	(0.12)
Closing Balance of Deferred Tax	(10.48)	(1.63)

### Note:

In accordance with accounting standard 22, Accounting for taxes on income, issued by the institute of Chartered Accountant of India, the Deferred Tax Laibilities (net of Assets) is provided in the books of account as at the end of the year/ (period)





85.40	161.53	Total
•	•	Doubtful
85.40	161.53	Unsecured, considered good
2023	2024	Particulars
As at 31st March,	As at 31st March,	
(Rs. In Lakhs)		Note 13: Trade Receivables

Note 13.1: Trade receivable ageing schedule

rade receivables ageing schedule As at March 31, 2024

rade receivables ageing schedule As at March 31, 2024	at March 31, 2024					(Rs. In Lakhs)
	0u	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment	periods from due d	ate of paym	ant	
Particulars	Less than 6 months	6 months - 1 year	1 - 2 years	2 - 3 years	More than 3 years	Total
(i) Undisputed Trade receivables -						
considered good	146.47	10.10	0.99	2.41	1.56	161.53
(ii) Undisputed Trade receivables -						
considered doubtful	•	•	•	•	•	
(iv) Disputed Trade receivables -						
considered good	•	•	•	•	•	•
(v) Disputed Trade receivables -						
considered doubtful	•	•	•		•	

	0u	<b>Dutstanding for following peri</b>	periods from due date of paymen	ate of payme	ent	
Particulars	Less than 6 months	6 months - 1 year	1 - 2 years	2 - 3 years	More than 3 years	Total
(i) Undisputed Trade receivables -						
considered good	85.40		•	•	•	85.40
(ii) Undisputed Trade receivables -						
considered doubtful	•			•	•	•
(iv) Disputed Trade receivables -						
considered good	•		•	•	•	•
(v) Disputed Trade receivables -						

Note:

considered

doubtful

As per

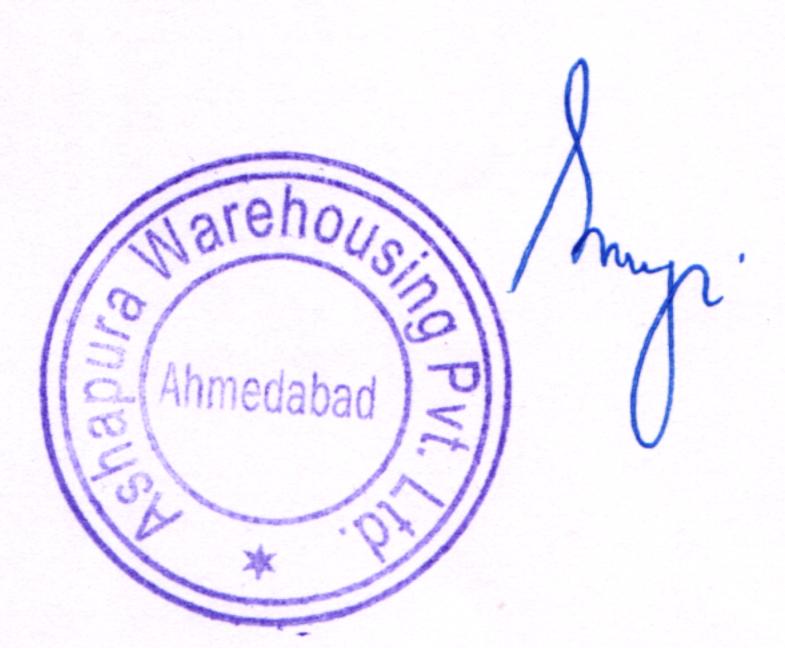


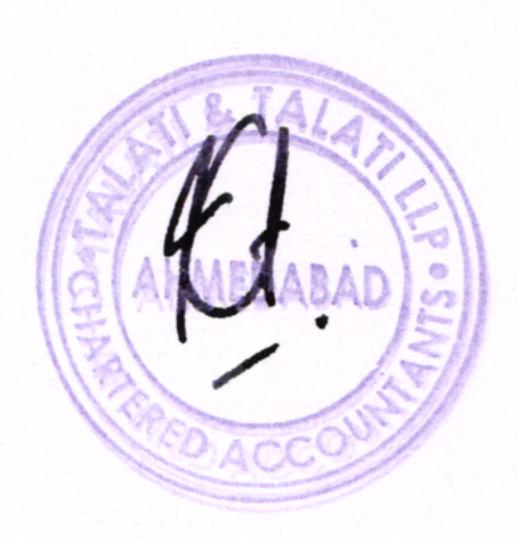


Note 23: Earning Per Equity Share

### Computation of Basic and Diluted Earnings per Share

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2024	As at 31st March, 2023
Basic Earnings Per Share		
Profit after tax (Rs. In Lakhs)	(14.45)	8.93
Weighted average number of shares (For Basic EPS)	30,00,000	30,00,000
Basic EPS	(0.48)	0.30
Diluted Earnings per share Profit after tax (Rs. In Lakhs) Add/(less): Effect of dilution on profit	(14.45)	8.93
Revised profit after tax Weighted average number of shares (For Diluted EPS)	30,00,000	30,00,000
Diluted Earnings per share	(0.48)	0.30





## Note 24: Related Party Transactions

### (as identified by management), unless otherwise stated A. List of related party

	year vending the manner and the mann	Enterprises owned or significantly influenced by Key Management	Holding Company		Kov Managorial Borconnol	Particulars
Ameya Container Freight Station		Transmarine Corporation	Ashapura Logistics Ltd.	C.Saikumar (Director)	Sujith Kurup (Director)	As on 31st March 2024
Station	Ameya Container Freight	Transmarine Corporation	Ashapura Logistics Ltd.	C.Saikumar (Director)	Sujith Kurup (Director)	As on 31st March, 2023

## Œ. related parties are as follows -

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Disclosure in respect of transact	1
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Particulars	Relation	Nature of Transaction	For the Year Ended on 31st	For the Year Ended o
				0200101010101010
Ashapura Logistics Ltd.	Holding Company	Loan taken	110.01	366.3
Ashapura Logistics Ltd.	Holding Company	Loan Repaid	•	187.4
Ashapura Logistics Ltd.	Holding Company	Interest Charged on Loan	55.81	•
Ashapura Logistics Ltd.	Holding Company	Purchase Netoff Debit Notes	0.45	21.0
	Sister Concern (Subsidiary			
Jai Ambe Transmovers Private Limited	Company of Holding Company)	Loan Repaid		14.6
	Sister Concern (Subsidiary			
Amanzi International Private Limited	Company of Holding Company)	Loan Repaid	•	1.9
C. Saikumar	Director of company	Loan taken	3.89	•
C. Saikumar	Director of company	Loan Repaid	3.89	•
(i) Outstanding Balances			(Rs. In Lakhs)	
Name of Party	Receivable / Payable	As on 31st March, 2024	As on 31st March, 2023	
Ashapura Logistics Ltd.	Loan Given/(Loan Payable)	(675.92)	(510.10)	
Ashapura Logistics Ltd.	I rade Payables	(0.45)	•	
Coalkullal	Loan Given/(Loan Payable)	(5.00)	(5.00)	



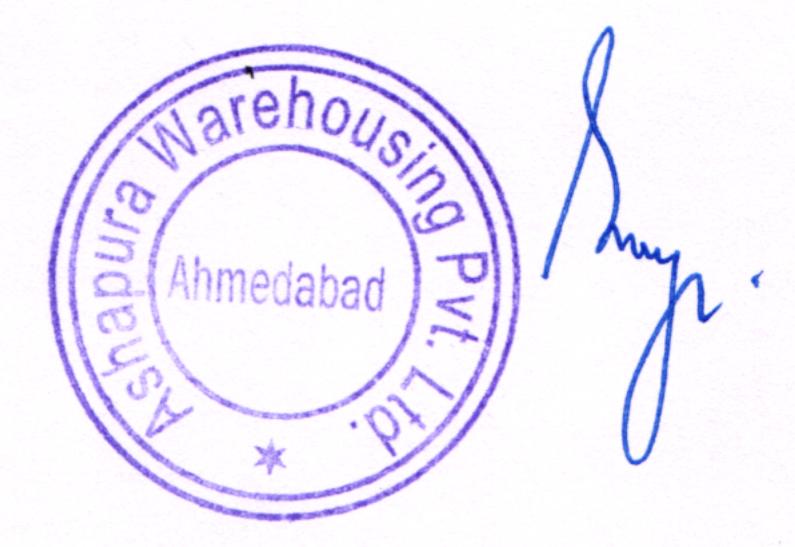


### **Ashapura Warehousing Private Limited**

(CIN: U63020GJ2014PTC079842)

### Note No. 25

Sr No.	Particulars	31st March, 2024	31st March, 2023
1	Current ratio		
	Total Current Assets	296	302
	Total Current Liabilities	82	155
	Ratio	3.61	1.95
	Change	1.66	0.41
	%Change	85.35%	26.269
2	Debt-Equity Ratio		
	Total LT Debt	709	496
	Shareholder's Equity	432	446
	Ratio	1.64	1.11
	Change	0.53	0.34
	%Change	47.74%	44.459
	700.1.0.1.60	47.7470	44.437
3	Debt Service Coverage Ratio		
	Earnings available for debt service	33	12
	Debt Service	5	6
	Ratio	7.21	1.99
	Change	5.22	0.99
	%Change	263.11%	98.58%
4	Return on Equity Ratio (%)		
	Net Profit after Tax - Preference Dividend	(14)	9
	Avg. Shareholder's Equity	655	664
	Ratio (%)	-2.21%	1.349
	Change	-3.55%	-43.089
	%Change	-264.24%	-96.97%
5	Net Profit Ratio (%)		
	Net Profit	(14)	9
	Net Sales	972	670
	Ratio (%)	-1.49%	1.33%
	Change	-2.82%	
	%Change	-211.64%	-16.22%
	/ochange	-211.04%	-92.41%
6	Inventory Turnover Ratio	Not Applicable	
7	Trada Dassivable Turnana Datia		
7	Trade Receivable Turnover Ratio  Net Credit Sales		
		972	670
	Avg. Account Receivable	123	90
	Change	7.87	7.45
	Change %Change	0.42	-13.36
	%Change	5.61%	-64.19%
8	Trade Payable Turnover Ratio		
	Net Credit Purchase	732	487
	Avg. Account Payable	68	112
	Ratio	10.83	4.36
	Change	6.47	(4.19)
	%Change	148.44%	-49.02%





9	Net Capital turnover Ratio			
	Net Sales	972	670	
	Average Working Capital	181	103	
	Ratio	5.38	6.63	
	Change	-1.25	-1.3	
	%Change	-18.88%	-17.17	
10	Return on Capital Employed (%)			
	EBIT	33	12	
	Capital Employed	1,255	1,023	
	Ratio (%)	2.59%	1.17	
	Change	1.42%	-7.97	
	%Change	121.66%	-87.21	
11	Return on Investment (%)			
**	Net Profit	(1.4)		
	Cost of Investment	(14)		
		1,138	942	
-	Ratio (%)	-1%	19	
-	Change	-2.22%	-9.089	
	%Change	-234.05%	-90.559	
1	Current ratio	Current	Assets	
		Current Li	abilities	
2	Debt Equity Ratio	Total (	Total Debt	
			Shareholder's Equity	
3	Debt Service Coverage Ratio	Earnings Available		
		Debt Se	ervice	
4	Return on Equity	Net profit after taxes -	Preference Dividend	
		Average Shareh	older's Equity	
5	Trade Receivables Turnover Ratio	Net Credi	it Sales	
		Average Accoun	t Receivables	
6	Trade Payables Turnover Ratio	Net Credit P	Durchases	
	riade rayables rainover natio	Average Accou		
_				
/	Net Capital Turnover Ratio	Net Sa		
		Average Work	king Capital	
8	Net Profit Ratio	Net Pr	ofit	
		Net Sa	ales	
	Net Sales	Total sales - S	ales return	
9 1	Return on Capital Employed	Earnings before int	terest and taxes	
		Capital Em		
(	Capital Employed	Tangible net worth + Total De	ebt + Deferred tax liability	
10 F	Return on investment	Profit for t	he year	
		Cost of inve		

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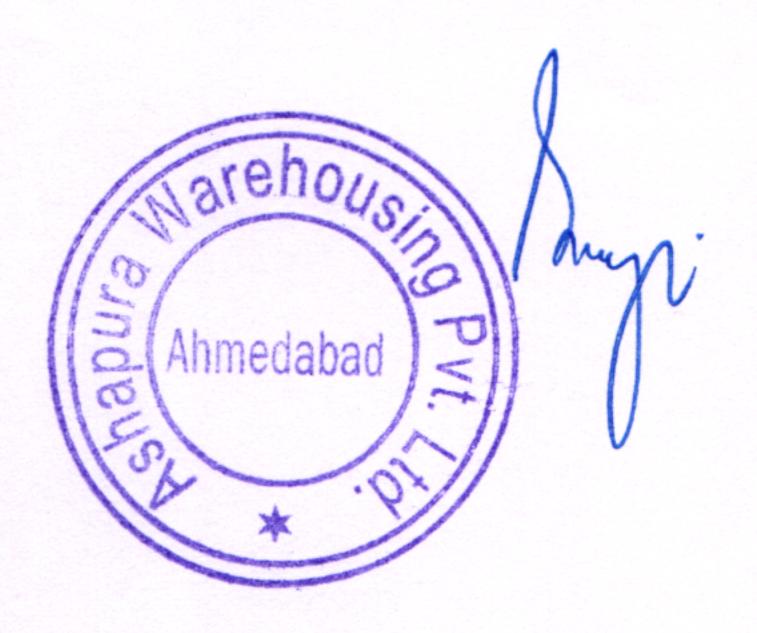
### Note 26: Segment reporting

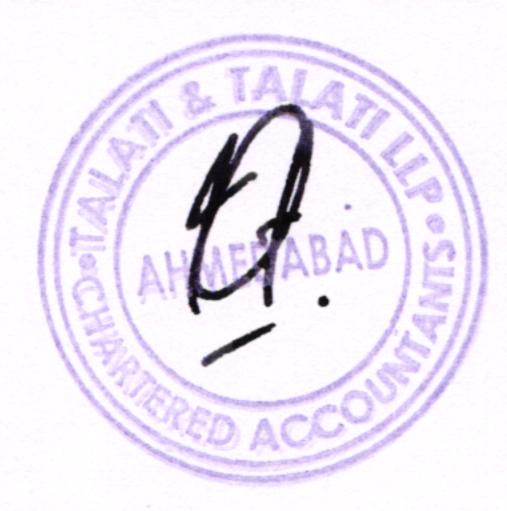
The company operates in different geographical segment.

The separate segment-wise reporting is as follow.

(Rs. In Lakhs)

C		For the year ended 31st
Geographical segment	31st March, 2024	March, 2023
Karnataka	312.41	31.83
Tamilnadu	659.35	638.47
Total	971.76	670.30





Note 27: Restated Consolidated Contingent liabiliti

## Contingent Liabilities not provided for

		(Rs in Lakhs)
Particulars	As at 31 <sup>st</sup>	As at 31 <sup>st</sup>
	March, 2024	March, 2023
A] Claims against the company not acknowledge	ledged as debts	
Income Tax	1.43 NIL	Z
Goods and service tax	0.85 NIL	NIC





- Balances of unsecured loans, creditors, debtors, loans & advances & other parties are subject to their confirmations and reconciliations, due adjustments, if necessary, will be made on receipt thereof. However, the management does not expect any material differences affecting the current year's Financial Statements.
- Previous Year's figures have been regrouped and/or reclassified, wherever necessary to confirm to the presentation adopted in current year's financial statements.

Other Statutory information

- The Company has used the borrowings from banks and financial institutions for the specific purpose for which it was taken at the balance sheet date.
- **30.01** The Company is not declared as wilful defaulter by any bank or financial Institution or other lender.
- 30.02 The Company does not hold any Benami Property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988.
- 30.03 The Company has not entered into any transactions with companies struck off under section 248 of the Companies Act, 2013 or section 560 of Companies Act, 1956.
- 30.04 The Company has not made any Investment in violation to the provisions related to number of layers prescribed under clause (87) of section 2 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Restriction on number of Layers) Rules, 2017.
- **30.05** There were no charges or satisfaction yet to be registered with ROC beyond the statutory period.
- 30.06 There are no immovable properties held by company whose title deeds are not held in the name of company. Further in case of leasehold properties where Company is lessee, the lease agreement are duly executed in favour of the company.
- 30.07 No transactions recorded in the books of accounts that has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961.
- **30.08** The Company has not traded or invested in Crypto Currency or Virtual Currency.
- **30.09** Company has not given advance, loan or made investments to any other persons or entity, including Foreign entities (Intermediary) with the understanding that the Intermediary shall:
  - directly or indirectly lend or invest in other person/entities (Ultimate Beneficiaries) on behalf of the Company
  - -provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.

Company has not received any fund from any person or entity, including Foreign entities (Funding Party), with the understanding that the Company shall:

- directly or indirectly lend or invest in other person or entities (Ultimate Beneficiary) by or on behalf of Funding Party
- or provides any guarantee or security on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiary



